E2 1926	MISSO	BUREAU OF	E BOARD C VITAL STATI CATE OF DEATH	STICS	<i>~</i> ′	
1. PLACE OF BEAT	annon	Registration Dis	trict No	077	File No	6934 2/
2. FULL NAME	mary E.	Kel	tuit SL, W		St	Ward)
(Usual place Length of casidence in city	of abode) or town where death occurred		_	(If no How long in U.S., if of fo	nresident give city or to weign birth? yrs.	own and State) mos. ds.
	ND STATISTICAL PART	ICULARS	7:	MEDICAL CERT	IFICATE OF DEAT	TH .
3. SEX 4. CO		MARRIED. WIDOWED OF CONTROL (WITH the word)	16. DATE OF	DEATH (MONTH, DAY A	700	30 192
5A. IF MARRIED, WIDOWRD HUSBAND OF (OR) WIFE OF	as. Hell	tun	that I last saw h	alivo on	¥.16	, 19.26° ad th
6. DATE OF BEETH (MON		- 1836	THE CA	n the date stated above, a USE OF DEATH® WAS	•	
7. AGE YEARS	MONTHS DAYS	If LESS than I day,hrs		pelip	**	***************************************
8. OCCUPATION OF DEC	EASED	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$1.3	····y•··y·····		*******************************
(a) Trade, profession, of particular kind of work		me	Mary		(duration)yrs	
(b) General nature of it business, or establishms which employed (or em			CONTRIBUTO (SECONDARY)		lyseo	
(c) Name of employer		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	18. Where was	DISEASE CONTRACTED	, (deration)yra	
9. BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR	TOWN)		lf .	T PLACE OF DEATH1	***************************	
(STATE OR COUNTRY) 10. NAME OF FATHE	Kat From P	arker	DID AN OPE	PRECEDE DEATHI	Date or	
11. BIRTHPLACE OF	Z	Kna	WHAT TEST	CONFIRMED DIAGNOSIST	m R.	5 do
12. MAIDEN NAME	F MOTHER	17	, 19	· V	m	ranife
(STATE OR COUNT	MOTHER (CITY OR TOWN)	<x< td=""><td>(1) MEANS AT</td><td>DESEASE CAUSING DEAD NO NATURE OF INJURY, see reverse side for addition</td><td>and (2) whether Accur</td><td>IOLENT CAURES, STATE ENTAL, SUICIDAL, OF</td></x<>	(1) MEANS AT	DESEASE CAUSING DEAD NO NATURE OF INJURY, see reverse side for addition	and (2) whether Accur	IOLENT CAURES, STATE ENTAL, SUICIDAL, OF
14. INFORMANT	rd / Vel	lun	19. PLACE OF	BURIAL CREMATION	WITAN 1	ATE OF BURIAL
15. FREN/1-30 , 19 2	57 LH Walls	REGISTRA	20. UNDERTAI	KER R		DDRESS
			11 00000	new	<u> </u> &	murey

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

(Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.)

Statement of Occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e.g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive Engineer, Civil Engineer, Stationary Fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill, (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery, (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form Never return part of the second statement. "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife. Housework or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.). For persons who have no occupation whatever. write Nonc.

Statement of Cause of Death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"): Lobar pneumonia: Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia." unqualified, is indefinite): Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of ---- (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasm); Measles, Whooping cough, Chronic valvular heart disease: Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death). 29 ds.; Broncho-pneumonia (secondary), 10ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia." "Anemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma." "Convulsions." "Debility" ("Congenital." "Sonile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uremia." "Weakness." etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septicemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tctanus), may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

Note.—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and refuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Certificates will be return for additional information which give any of the following decases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death: clin, cellulitis, childbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, erysipelas, meningitis, miscarriage, necrosis, peritonitis, phlebitis, pyemia, septicemia, tetanus." But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work vast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later date.